ा सा विया या विमुक्तये ।। स्वामी रामानंद तीर्थ मराठवाडा विद्यापीठ, नांदेड



"ज्ञानतीर्थ" परिसर, विष्णुपूरी, नांदेड - ४३१६०६ (महाराष्ट्र)

ANAND TEEDTLI MADATLIMADA IINIVEDCI

VAMI RAMANAND TEERTH MARATHWADA UNIVERSITY NANDED

"Dnyanteerth", Vishnupuri, Nanded - 431606 Maharashtra State (INDIA) Established on 17th September 1994 – Recognized by the UGC U/s 2(f) and 12(B), NAAC Re-accredited with 'A' Grade



ACADEMIC (1-BOARD OF STUDIES) SECTION

Phone: (02462) 229542 Fax : (02462) 229574

Website: www.srtmun.ac.in

E-mail: bos.srtmun@gmail.com

संलग्नित महाविद्यालयांतील विज्ञान व तंत्रज्ञान विद्याशाखेतील पदवी स्तरावरील प्रथम वर्षाचे CBCS Pattern नुसारचे अभ्यासक्रम शैक्षणिक वर्ष २०१९–२० पासून लागू करण्याबाबत.

प रि प त्र क

या परिपत्रकान्वये सर्व संबंधितांना कळविण्यात येते की, दिनांक ०८ जून २०१९ रोजी संपन्न झालेल्या ४४व्या मा. विद्या परिषद बैठकीतील ऐनवेळचा विषय क्र.११/४४–२०१९ च्या ठरावानुसार प्रस्तुत विद्यापीठाच्या संलग्नित महाविद्यालयांतील विज्ञान व तंत्रज्ञान विद्याशाखेतील पदवी स्तरावरील प्रथम वर्षाचे खालील विषयांचे C.B.C.S. (Choice Based Credit System) Pattern नुसारचे अभ्यासक्रम शैक्षणिक वर्ष २०१९–२० पासून लागू करण्यात येत आहेत.

- 1. Agricultural Microbiology
- 2. Agrochemicals & Fertilizers
- 3. Analytical Chemistry
- 4. B.C.A.
- 5. B.Voc. (Food Processing, Preservation and Storage)
- 6. B.Voc. (Web Printing Technology)
- 7. Biochemistry
- 8. Bioinformatics
- 9. Biophysics
- 10. Biotechnology (Vocational)
- 11. Biotechonology
- 12. Botany
- 13. Chemistry
- 14. Computer Application (Optional)
- 15. Computer Science (Optional)
- 16. Computer Science
- 17. Dairy Science

- 18. Dyes and Drugs
- 19. Electronics
- 20. Environmental Science
- 21. Fishery Science
- 22. Food Science
- 23. Geology
- 24. Horticulture
- 25. Industrial Chemistry
- 26. Information Technology (Optional)
- 27. Mathematics
- 28. Microbiology
- 29. Network Technology
- 30. Physics
- 31. Software Engineering
- 32. Statistics
- 33. Zoology

सदरील परिपत्रक व अभ्यासक्रम प्रस्तुत विद्यापीठाच्या www.srtmun.ac.in या संकेतस्थळावर उपलब्ध आहेत. तरी सदरील बाब ही सर्व संबंधितांच्या निदर्शनास आणून द्यावी.

'ज्ञानतीर्थ' परिसर,

- विष्णुपुरी, नांदेड ४३१ ६०६.
- जा.क.: शैक्षणिक—०१/परिपत्रक/पदवी—सीबीसीएस अभ्यासक्रम/ २०१९—२०/**२९२**

दिनांक : ०३.०७.२०१९.

प्रत माहिती व पुढील कार्यवाहीस्तव :

- १) मा. कुलसचिव यांचे कार्यालय, प्रस्तुत विद्यापीठ.
- २) मा. संचालक, परीक्षा व मूल्यमापन मंडळ यांचे कार्यालय, प्रस्तुत विद्यापीठ.
- ३) प्राचार्य, सर्व संबंधित संलग्नित महाविद्यालये, प्रस्तुत विद्यापीठ.
- ४) साहाय्यक कुलसचिव, पदव्युत्तर विभाग, प्रस्तुत विद्यापीठ.
- ५) उपकुलसचिव, पात्रता विभाग, प्रस्तुत विद्यापीठ.

६) सिस्टम एक्सपर्ट, शैक्षणिक विभाग, प्रस्तुत विद्यापीठ.

स्वाक्षरित / —

उपकुलसचिव

शैक्षणिक (१–अभ्यासमंडळ) विभाग



SEMESTER PATTERN CURRICULUM UNDER

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS) for Faculty of Science and Technology Under Graduate Program

SUBJECT: BOTANY

B. Sc. First Year

With Effect from June 2019..

Introduction:

The University Grants Commission (UGC) has initiated several measures to bring equity, efficiency and excellence in the Higher Education System of country. The important measures taken to enhance academic standards and quality in higher education include innovation and improvements in the curriculum, teaching-learning process, examination and evaluation systems, besides governance and other matters.

Swami Ramanand Teerth Marathwada University has several initiatives towards academic excellence, quality improvement and administrative reforms. In view of this priority and inkeeping with Vision and Mission, process was already initiated towards introduction of semester system, grading system and credit system. University had implemented Choice Based Credit System (**CBCS**) pattern at UG level from the academic year 2016-2017 progressively.

Revision and updating of the curriculum is the continuous process to provide an updated education to the students at large. In view of this priority and in-keeping with Vision and Mission, process of revision and updating the curriculum is initiated and implemented at UG level from the academic year 2019-2020 progressively. Presently there is wide diversity in the curriculum of different Indian Universities which inhibited mobility of students in other universities or states. To ensure uniform curriculum at UG level , curriculum of different Indian Universities, syllabus of NET, SET, MPSC, UPSC, Forest Services and the UGC model curriculum are referred to serve as a base in updating the same.

The CBCS provides choice for students to select from the prescribed courses .The choice based credit system provides a 'cafeteria' type approach in which the students can take courses of their choice, learn at their own pace, undergo additional courses and acquire more than the required credits, and adopt an interdisciplinary approach to learning. Our university has already introduced the choice based credit system. The semester system accelerates the teaching-learning process and enables vertical and horizontal mobility in learning.

Keeping in mind BoS in Botany prepared the curriculum to ensure up-to-date level of understanding of plant sciences. Studying plant sciences prepares the students for a career working either in an educational institution or an industry in which they can be directly involved in the research and development and Knowledge of modern and applied plant science and excellent career prospects.

The study of Botany aims to expand and increase current knowledge about plants in order to

solve problems in many fields including agriculture, ecology, medicine, biotechnology and horticulture are some of the objectives kept in mind during executing the syllabus.

How plants function at the cellular, tissue, organ, and organismal levels? How evolution of plants and how they contribute to biodiversity. How interactions with each other impacts their physical environment are the core objectives.

The addition of Skill enhancement courses aims to develop skills in plant sciences and practical experience in the students.

At the end of the curriculum, the student should have increased: an aptitude towards science and nature and also undertakes the fundamental and applied research in plant science in the benefit of the human and nature.

At last comments, suggestions are welcome from all the teachers, stakeholders and students for the upbringing the curriculum.

Salient Features :

The syllabus of B Sc Botany has been framed to meet the requirement of Choice Based Credit System. The courses offered here in will train and orient the students in the specific fields of Botany.

The Section A of DSEB deals with Cell Biology, Genetics & Molecular Biology, Plant Breeding & Biotechnology. The Section B of DSEB with choice provides an option to learn courses like Plant Pathology, Analytical Techniques in Plant Sciences, Herbal Drug Technology, Plant Systematics, Research Methodology and Bioinformatics.

This would help students to lay a strong foundation in the field of Botany.

Overall after completion of this course, students will also acquire fundamental knowledge in Plant Science and also understand that Botany is an integral part of the human life and developments.

Skill Enhancement Courses offered during third year of this program are being designed with the aim of imparting specific skills to the students which will lead to the self employability through development of their own enterprises.

Utility of Program

This program will train and orient the students in the field of diversity of different life forms of plants and microbes, Plant Ecology, Taxonomy of Angiosperms, Plant Anatomy, Plant Embryology, Plant Physiology, Plant Metabolism and Biochemistry, Cell Biology, Genetics & Molecular Biology, Plant Pathology, Analytical Techniques in Plant Sciences, Herbal Drug Technology, Plant Breeding & Biotechnology, Plant Systematics, Research Methodology and Bioinformatics in relation to Environment and Agriculture as well as Biotechnological, Pharmaceutical and Herbal Industries. This will help the students for their career development. Skill Enhancement Courses being offered during this program will provide job opportunities and additional specific skills to the students for self employability through the development of their own enterprises.

Learning Objectives :

The Objective of this program are :

- 1. To provide an updated education to the students at large in order to know the importance and scope of the discipline and to provide mobility to students from one university or state to other.
- 2. To update curriculum by introducing recent advances in the subject and enable the students to face NET, SET, UPSC and other competitive examinations successfully.
- 3. To impart knowledge of plant science as the basic objective of Education.
- 4. To develop a scientific attitude to make students open minded, critical and curious.
- 5. To develop an ability to work on their own and to make them fit for the society.
- 6. To expose themselves to the diversity amongst life forms.
- 7. To develop skill in practical work, experiments, equipments and laboratory use along with collection and interpretation of plant materials and data.
- 8. To make aware of natural resources and environment and the importance of conserving the same.
- 9. To develop ability for the application of the acquired knowledge in the fields of life so as to make our country self reliant and self sufficient.

10. To appreciate and apply ethical principles to plant science research and studies.

Prerequisite :

The optional courses are offered to the students registered for undergraduate programs. Such students should have the basic knowledge of Plant Science and willing to gain additional knowledge in the field of Botany. Admissions to B Sc course are given as per the University rules.

SEMESTER PATTERN CURRICULUM UNDER

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS) FOR Under Graduate Course Faculty of Science and Technology

SUBJECT: BOTANY

CLASS: B. Sc. FIRST YEAR An Outline:

Semester/	Course Name		Paper No. & Title	Total	Mark	s for	Credits
Annual				Periods	External	Internal	(Marks)
				(periods/	(ESE)	(CA)	
				week)			
		Section-A	Theory Paper-I:	45	40	10	Credits: 02
			Viruses, Bacteria Algae,	(03/week)			(Marks:50)
Semester-I	CCB-		Fungi, Lichens and				
	Ι		Mycorrhiza				
		Section-B	Theory Paper-II:	45	40	10	Credits: 02
			Plant Ecology,	(03/week)			(Marks:50)
			Phytogeography and				
			Environmental Biology				
		Section-A	Theory Paper-III:	45	40	10	Credits: 02
			Bryophytes, Pteridophytes	(03/week)			(Marks:50)
Semester-II	CCB-		Gymnosperms and				
	II		paleobotany				
		Section-B	Theory Paper-IV:	45	40	10	Credits: 02
			Taxonomy of Angiosperms	(03/week)			(Marks:50)
Annual	C	CBP-I	Practical Paper-V:	24 Prac.	80	20	Credits: 04
pattern			Practicals based on theory	(03/week/			(Marks:100)
			papers of CCB-I&II	batch)			
	•		Т	Fotal	240	60	Credits: 12
							(Marks:300)

CCB: Core Course Botany, **CCBP**: Core Course Botany Practical, **ESE**: End Semester Examination, **CA**: Continues Assessment,

Distribution of Credits: 80 % of the total credits for the ESE and 20% for CA

CA of 10 Marks (Theory): 05 Marks for test & 05 Marks for Assignment

CA of 20 Marks (Practicals): : 10 Marks for test &10 Marks for Record Book ,Submission of collection and field note and Excursion Report.

CLASS : B.Sc. SECOND YEAR An Outline:

Semester/	Course	Course Name	Instruction	Total	Mar	ks for	Credits
Annual	No.		Hrs/week	Periods	Internal (CA)	External (ESE)	(Marks)
	CCB-III	Theory Paper-VI:	03	45	10	40	Credits: 02
	(Section-	Plant Anatomy					(Marks:50)
Somestan III	A)						
Semester-III	CCB-III	Theory Paper-VII:	03	45	10	40	Credits: 02
	(Section-	Plant Physiology					(Marks:50)
	B)						
	ССВ-	Theory Paper-VIII:	03	45	10	40	Credits: 02
	IV(Section	Plant Embryology					(Marks:50)
Comorton IV	-A)						
Semester-1v	CCB-IV	Theory Paper-IX:	03	45	10	40	Credits: 02
	(Section-	Plant Metabolism and					(Marks:50)
	B)	Biochemistry					
		Practical Paper-X:					
		Practicals based on					
	CCBP-II	CCB-III (Section-A)	03	16	10	40	Credits: 02
		CCB-IV (Section-A)		Practicals			(Marks:50)
Annual	SECB-I	SEC- I A OR B		45	25	25	Credits: 02
Pattern							(Marks:50)
		Practical Paper-VI	03	16	10	40	Credits: 02
	CCRP-III	Practicals based on	05	Practicals	10	40	(Marks:50)
	CCDI-III	CCB-III (Section-B)		Tracticals			(1010185.50)
		CCB-IV (Section-B)					
Annual	SECB-II	SEC-II A OR B	03	45	25	25	Credits: 02
Pattern	5202 11						(Marks:50)
		Total Credits Semester-II	I and IV		Marks:	Marks:	Credits:
					60+50=	240+50=290	12+04=16 (Marka)
					110		(Marks: 300+100
							=400)

ESE : End Semester Examination, **CA** : Continues Assessment, **SECB**: Skill Enhancement Course Botany, **CCB**: Core Course Botany, **CCBP**: Core Course Botany Practical.

Distribution of Credits: 80 % of the total credits for the ESE and 20% for CA

CA of 10 Marks (Theory): 05 Marks for test & 05 Marks for Assignment

CA of 10 Marks (Practicals): : 05 Marks for test & 05 Marks for Record Book ,Submission of collection and field note and Excursion Report.

CA of 25 Marks : 15 Marks for Seminar & 10 Marks for Test

Class : B.Sc. THIRD YEAR An Outline:

Semester/	Course No		Name of the	Total Marks for			Credits	
Annual			Course	Periods			(Marks)	
				(Periods/	External	Internal		
				Week)	(ESE)	(CA)		
Semester-V	DSEB-I	Section - A	Theory Paper- XII: Cell Biology, Genetics & Molecular Biology	45 (03/week)	40	10	Credits:02 (Marks: 50)	
		Section - B	Theory Paper- XIII: B I: Plant Pathology OR B II: Analytical Techniques in Plant Sciences OR B III: Herbal Drug Technology	45 (03/week)	40	10	Credits:02 (Marks: 50)	
Semester-VI	DSEB-II	Section - A	Theory Paper- XIV: Plant Breeding & Biotechnology	45 (03/week)	40	10	Credits:02 (Marks: 50)	
		Section - B	Theory Paper- XV: B I: Plant Systematics OR B II: Research Methodology OR B III: Bioinformatics	45 (03/week)	40	10	Credits:02 (Marks: 50)	
Annual Pattern	DSEBP- I (DSEB I & II Section A)		Practical Paper XVI: Practicals based on theory papers- XII & XIV	16 Pract. (03/week/ Batch)	40	10	Credits:02 (Marks: 50)	
	SECB III		SEC- III A Or B	01 Skill (03/week/ Batch)	25	25	Credits:02* (Marks: 50)	
Annual Pattern	DSEBP- II (DSEB I & II		Practical Paper XVII: Practicals based on theory	16 Pract. (03/week/ Batch)	40	10	Credits:02 (Marks: 50)	

	Section B)	papers- XIII & XV				
	SECB IV	 SEC- IV A OR B	01 Skill (03/week/ Batch)	25	25	Credits:02* (Marks: 50)
Total Credits Semester –V & VI				240+50 = 290	60+50 =110	Credits:12+4* = 16 (Marks: 300+100* = 400)

ESE : End Semester Examination, CA : Continues Assessment, SECB: Skill Enhancement Course Botany, DSEB:

Discipline Specific Elective Botany, DSEBP: Discipline Specific Elective Botany Practical

Distribution of Credits: 80 % of the total credits for the ESE and 20% for CA

CA of 10 Marks (Theory): 05 Marks for test & 05 Marks for Assignment

CA of 10 Marks (Practicals): : 05 Marks for test & 05 Marks for Record Book ,Submission of collection and field note and Excursion Report.

CA of 25 Marks : 15 Marks for Seminar & 10 Marks for Test

Semester pattern curriculum under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) for BOTANY B.Sc. F.Y. Semester – I CCB-I (A) Theory Paper –I

Viruses ,Bacteria, Algae, Fungi, Lichens and Mycorrhiza

Periods – 45

Credits :02 Maximum Marks – 50

Learning Objectives

- 1. To study and impart knowledge about the occurrence, distribution, structure and life history of lower plants such as algae, fungi, lichens
- 2. To instill in students an appreciation for the diversity of plant forms and structural organization that exists within plant bodies that allow plants to develop and live as integrated organisms in diverse environments

Learning outcomes:

- 1. Understand the morphology, structure and importance of the various organisms
- Differentiate between various groups of Algae, Fungi, Bacteria, Viruses, and Lichens & Mycorrhiza
- Learn the life cycles of individuals belonging to Algae, Fungi, Bacteria, Viruses, Lichens & Mycorrhiza

Unit I: Microbes (10 Lectures)

Viruses –Introduction, general characters of viruses, replication (general account), and RNA virus (TMV); Economic importance; study of yellow vein mosaic of Bhendi

Bacteria – Introduction, General characters and cell structure; Reproduction – vegetative, asexual (Binary Fission) and recombination (conjugation,) Study of Citrus Canker and Economic importance of Bacteria.

Unit II: Algae (12 Lectures)

Introduction, General characters, Ecology and distribution; Range of thallus organization and reproduction; Classification of algae (F. E. Fritch's 1935); Morphology and life-cycles of the following: *Nostoc, Oedogonium* and *Ectocarpus*. Economic importance of algae

Unit III: Fungi (13 Lectures)

Introduction- General Characteristics, ecology and significance, cell wall composition, nutrition, reproduction and classification (Alexopolous & Mims 1979); General characteristics, ecology, significance and life cycle of, *Penicillium, Alternaria* (Deuteromycota), *Agaricus* (Basidiomycota).

Unit IV: Lichens and Mycorrhiza (10 Lectures)

Lichens: General characters, types and economic importance.

Mycorrhiza: General characters, ectomycorrhiza and endomycorrhiza and their significance

Theory paper-I: Viruses ,Bacteria, Algae, Fungi, Lichens and Mycorrhiza Unit wise distribution of periods and marks:

Unit	Title	Periods	Maximum
		Allotted	Marks
Ι	Microbes	10	28
II	Algae	12	28
III	Fungi	13	28
IV	Lichens and Mycorrhiza	10	28
	Total	45	112

Semester pattern curriculum under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) for BOTANY B.Sc. F.Y. Semester – I CCB-I (B) Theory Paper –II Plant Ecology ,Phytogeography and Environmental Biology

Periods - 45

Credits :02 Maximum Marks – 50

Learning Objectives:

- 1. Acquainted with basic concepts of Ecology, Ecosystem Ecological factors, community ecology and phytogeography
- 2. To provide students with skills necessary for Ecological studies

Learning outcomes:

- 1. Able to understand the ecological principles, interactions taking place in the Ecosystems and the flow of energy
- 2. Learn about the concept of phytogeography and its relations with other disciplines

Unit I: Ecological Factors (10 Lectures)

Introduction, Scope of Ecology, Ecological Factors: Climatic factors- Light, Temperature, Wind, Humidity. Edaphic factors- Soil moisture, Temperature, Soil pH, Soil formation, Composition and Soil profile.

Unit II: Ecological Adaptations (11 Lectures)

Morphological and anatomical adaptations in Hydrophytes (*Hydrilla* stem and *Nymphea* petiole), Xerophytes (*Nerium* leaf and *Casuarina* stem). General characters of Halophytes and Epiphytes.

Unit III: Ecosystem and Plant Communities (12 Lectures)

Ecosystem: Introduction, Structure, types (Pond ecosystem and Forest ecosystem), Tropic levels, Energy flow in ecosystem, food chain, food web and ecological pyramids.

Community ecology: Community characteristics, Frequency, Density, Life forms and ecological succession (Hydrosere), Analysis of Plant communities (quadrant method).

Unit IV: Phytogeography and Environmental Biology (12 Lectures)

Introduction, Bio-geographical regions of India, Bio-diversity hot spots of India

Environmental pollution: Air, Water and soil pollution (Causes, effects and control measures), Soil erosion and soil conservation, afforestation , deforestation and Chipko movement, Environmental education and awareness.

Theory paper-II: – Plant Ecology, Phytogeography and Environmental Biology Unit wise distribution of periods and marks:

Unit	Title	Periods	Maximum
		Allotted	Marks
Ι	Ecological Factors	10	28
II	Ecological Adaptations	11	28
III	Ecosystem and Plant Communities	12	28
IV	Phytogeography and Environmental Biology	12	28
	Total	45	112

Semester pattern curriculum under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) for BOTANY B.Sc. F.Y. Semester – II CCB-II (A) Theory Paper –III Bryophytes, Pteridophytes ,Gymnosperms & Paleobotany

Periods – 45

Credits :02 Maximum Marks – 50

Learning Objectives:

- 1. To study the occurrence, distribution, structure and life history of bryophytes, pteridophytes and gymnosperms
- 2. To provide students with skills in paleobotany studies

Learning outcomes:

- 1. Learn the life cycles of individuals belonging to Bryophytes, Pteridophytes and Gymnosperms
- 2. Learn about process of fossil formation and fossils plants

Unit I: Bryophytes (10 Lectures)

General characters, Classification (N.S.Parihar), morphology, anatomy and reproduction of *Marchantia* and *Funaria*. (Developmental study not expected), Economic importance of bryophytes.

Unit II: Pteridophytes (13 Lectures)

General characters, classification (N.S.Parihar), morphology, anatomy and reproduction of *Lycopodium* and *Marsilea*. (Developmental study not expected), Homospory, Heterospory and seed habit, stelar evolution, economical importance of Pteridophytes.

Unit III: Gymnosperms (12 Lectures)

General characters, classification (K.R.Sporne, 1964), morphology, anatomy and Reproduction of *Cycas* and *Pinus*. (Developmental study not expected), Ecological and Economic importance.

Unit-IV: Paleobotany (10 Lectures)

Introduction to palaeobotany, process of plant fossilization, types of fossils, geological time scale, Study of fossil Gymnosperms-*Lyginopteris oldhamia* (stem), *Bennettites* (flower) and General characters of *Ginkgo* (A living fossil).

Theory paper-III: –Bryophytes, Pteridophytes Gymnosperms & Paleobotany Unit wise distribution of periods and marks:

Unit	Title	Periods	Maximum
		Allotted	Marks
Ι	Bryophytes	10	28
II	Pteridophytes	13	28
III	Gymnosperms	12	28
IV	Paleobotany	10	28
	Total	45	112

Semester pattern curriculum under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) for BOTANY B.Sc. F.Y. Semester – II CCB-II (B) Theory Paper –IV Taxonomy of Angiosperms

Periods – 45

Credits :02 Maximum Marks – 50

Learning Objectives:

- 1. To study the types of classifications- artificial, Natural and phylogenetic
- 2. To study the principles and rules of ICN and taxonomical terminology
- 3. To study the various plant families and their economic importance

Learning Outcomes:

- 1. Proficiency with the basic terminology of plant morphology
- 2. Able to identify the major families of plants and their economic importance
- 3. Understand the methods of collecting and preserving plants

Unit I: Introduction (10 Lectures)

Aims of Taxonomy, Principles of Taxonomy, Identification, Nomenclature and Classification, Principles and rules of ICN (Rank of taxa, typification, author citation) Importance of Herbarium, important herbaria and botanical gardens of the India.

Unit II: Plant Classification (11 Lectures)

Taxonomic hierarchy, Types of classification-artificial, natural and phylogenetic. Bentham and Hooker, Engler and Prantl (up to family level with reference to families mentioned in the syllabus).

Unit III: Morphology of Angiosperms (12 Lectures)

Root: Definition, characters, types (tap root and adventitious) and functions. Stem: Definition, characters and functions. Leaf: Definition, structure of typical leaf (Hibiscus), functions, types-Simple (Hibiscus), Compound (unipinnate, bipinnate, tripinnate, unifoliate, bifoliate, trifoliate, multifoliate), venation- definition, types (reticulate, parallel), Phyllotaxy. Inflorescence: Definition, types-Racemose (characters), Cymose (characters). Flower: Definition, symmetry, actinomorphic,

zygomorphic, types (hypogynous, epigynous, perigynous), structure of typical flower (Hibiscus), calyx (polysepalous, gamosepalous), corolla (polypetalous, gamopetalous), Androecium (parts of a stamen), Gynoecium –structure of carpel, apocarpous, syncarpous, placentation (axile, parietal, free central, marginal, basal) Fruit: Definition, forms- simple (dry, legume, fleshy, berry), aggregate (Etario of berries), composite (Sorosis).

Unit IV: Study of Plant Families (12 Lectures)

Study of vegetative and floral characters of following families: Brassicaceae, Fabaceae, Solanaceae, Lamiaceae and Poaceae.

Theory paper-III: – Taxonomy of Angiosperms

Unit wise distribution of periods and marks:

Unit	Title	Periods	Maximum
		Allotted	Marks
Ι	Introduction	10	28
II	Plant Classification	11	28
III	Morphology of Angiosperms	12	28
IV	Study of Plant Families	12	28
	Total	45	112

B.Sc. General (Semester Pattern)

Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) Pattern B. Sc. F.Y. Annual Pattern CCBP- I PRACTICAL PAPER-V: BASED ON THEORY PAPERS-I, II, III & IV

Practicals-24

Credits: 04 Maximum Marks – 100

Practical Exercises:

- 1. Study of morphology of Bacteria by Gram staining method
- 2. Study of citrus canker disease
- 3. Study of symptoms of yellow vein mosaic of Bhendi
- 4. Study of Algae : Systematic position and external features of *Nostoc, Oedogonium, , Ectocarpus*
- 5. Study of Fungi: systematic position, external and internal features of *Penicillium*, *Alternaria*, *Agaricus*
- 6. Study of different forms of Lichens
- 7. Study of ectomycorrhiza and endomycorrhiza
- 8. Study of *Marchantia* morphology of thallus, w.m. rhizoids and scales, v.s. thallus through gemma cup, w.m. gemmae (all temporary slides), v.s. antheridiophore, archegoniophore, L.S..of sporophyte (all permanent slides)
- Study of *Funaria* morphology, w.m. leaf, rhizoids, operculum, peristome, annulus, spores (temporary slides); permanent slides showing antheridial and archegonial heads, L.S.of capsule and protonema
- 10. Lycopodium- morphological and anatomical study
- 11. Marsilea- morphological and anatomical study of petiole and rhizome
- 12. Cycas- morphology ,T.S of. rachis, T.S.of leaflet, male and female cone
- 13. Pinus- morphology (long and dwarf shoots, w.m. dwarf shoot, male and female cone).
- 14. Study of fossil Plants
- 15. Estimation of soil Bulk density and porosity

- 16. Study of morphological and anatomical adaptations of hydrophytes (*Hydrilla* stem and *Nymphea* petiole) and xerophytes (*Nerium* leaf and *Casuarina* stem)
- 17. Determination of dissolved oxygen (DO) in water samples
- 18. Determination of minimal quadrat size for the study of herbaceous vegetation in the college campus
- 19. Quantitative analysis of herbaceous vegetation in the college campus
- 20. Study of vegetative and floral characters of the following families (Description, V.S. flower, section of ovary, floral diagram/s, floral formula/e and systematic position according to Bentham & Hooker's system of classification): Brassicaceae, Fabaceae, Solanaceae, Lamiaceae, Poaceae.
- 21. Excursion/ study tour for plant specimen collection

Text Books:

- Vashishta, B. R. Sinha A.K. and Singh V. P. (2014). Botany for Degree Students Algae. S. Chand and Co.Ltd., New Delhi.
- Vashishta, B. R. and Sinha A.K. (2014). Botany for Degree Students Fungi. S. Chand and Co.Ltd., New Delhi.
- Vashishta, B. R. *et al.* (2014). Botany for Degree Students Bryophytes. S. Chand and Co.Ltd., New Delhi.
- Vashishta, B. R. *et al.* (2014). Botany for Degree Students Pteridophytes. S. Chand and Co.Ltd., New Delhi.
- Vashishta, B. R. *et al.* (2014). Botany for Degree Students Gymnosperms. S. Chand and Co.Ltd., New Delhi.
- Shukla, A. C. and Mishra, S. P. (1982). Essentials of Paleobotany. 2nd ed. Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- James Graham Lee W. Wilcox Linda E. Graham (2008). Algae (2nd edition)
- Kumar, H. D. (1989). Introductory Phycology. East-West Press, Madras.
- Round, F. E. (1981). The Ecology of Algae. Cambridge University Press, London.
- R.M. Johri, Sneh Lata and Kavita Tyagi, (2011). A Textbook of Fungi.
- C.S. Chandoliya (2009). Fungi: Biological Diversity Cyber Tech Pub.
- John Webster and Roland Weber (2007). Introduction to Fungi.
- Mehrotra, R. S and Aneja, K. R. (1990). An Introduction of Mycology. Wiley Eastern Ltd., New Delhi.
- Hale, M. E. Jr. (1983). Biology of Lichens. Edward Arnold, Maryland.
- Alexopoulus, C. J. and Mims, C. W. (1979). Introductory Mycology. Wiley Eastern Ltd., New York.
- Watson, E. V. (1971). The Structure and Life of Bryophytes. B.I. Publns, New Delhi.
- Parihar, N. S (1972). An Introduction to Embryophyta-I: Bryophyta. Central Book Depot, Allahabad
- Sharma. O.P. (1990): Textbook of Pteridophyta, MacMillan India Ltd., NewDelhi. Madras 359 pp.
- Sundara Rajan. S (1994) Introduction to Pteridophyta. New Age International Publishers Ltd., Wiley Eastern Ltd., New Delhi.
- Rashid A (1999) An Introduction to Pteridophyta. Vikas Publishing Co., New Delhi.
- Chopra G.W & Verma Y (1998) Gymnosperms . Pradeep Publications , Jalandhar.
- Sharma O.P (1997) Gymnosperms. Pragati Prakasan., Meerut, India.
- Sporne, K. R. (1974). The Morphology of Gymnosperm. B.I. Publications, New Delhi.
- Chamberlain, C. J. (1957). Gymnosperms Structure and Evolution. University Chicago Press, New York.
- Arnold C.A (1947) An Introduction to Paleobotany, McGraw Hill Book Co., N.Y.
- Shukla A.C & Mishra S.P (1992) Plant fossils a link with the past. Birbal Shani Institute of Paleobotany, Lucknow, India.
- Nikias, K. J. (1981). Paleobotany, Paleoecology and Evolution. Praeger Publishers, USA.
- Seward, A. C. (1919). Fossil Plants. Vol. I, II, III and IV. Cambridge University Press, London.

- Power and Daginwala (1994). General Microbiology. Himalayan Publishing House, Bombay.
- Pelczar, M. J., Chan, E. C. S. and Krieg, N. R. (1993). Microbiology. Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd., New Delhi.
- Mehrota, R. S. (1994). Plant Pathology. Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd., Delhi.
- Pandey, B. P. (1982). A Textbook of Plant Pathology, Pathogen and Plant Diseases. S.Chand and Co. Ltd., New Delhi.
- Dubey, R. C. and Maheshwari, D. K. (2007). A Textbook of Microbiology. S. Chand and Co. Ltd., New Delhi.
- Sharma, P. D. (1992). Microbiology. Rastogi & Co., Meerut.
- Staley, J. T. *et al.*. (1991). Bergey's Manual of Systematic Bacteriology. Vol. I to IV. Williams & Wilkins, London.
- Davis, B. D., Dulbecco, R., Eiser, H. N. and Grinsberg, H. S. (1980). Microbiology. Harper & Row, New York.
- Carpenter, P. L. (1967). Microbiology. Saunders Co., Philadelphia, USA.
- Cooper, J. I. (1995). Viruses and the Environment. 2nd ed. Chapman & Hall, London.
- Bilgrami, K. S. and Dube, H. C. (1990). A Textbook of Modern Plant Pathology. Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- Singh, R. S. (1990). Plant Diseases. 6th ed., Oxford & IBH, New Delhi.
- Rangaswamy, G. and Soumini Rajagopalan. (1973). Bacterial Plant Pathology. Tamil Nadu Agricultural University, Coimbatore.
- Rangaswamy, G.(1972) Diseases of Crop Plants in India. Prentice Hall of India P Ltd.
- Southey, J. F. (1965). Plant Nematology. Tech. Bull. No.7, Ministry of Agricultural, Fisheries and Food, Her Majesty's Stationery Office, London.
- Smith, K. M. (1957). A Textbook of Plant Virus Diseases. Little Borwn & Co., Boston.
- Walker, J. C. (1952). Diseases of Vegetable Crops. McGraw Hill Book Co. Inc., NY
- Butler, E. J. and Jones, S. G. (1949). Plant Pathology. Macmillan & Co., London.
- Subramaniyam, N.S. (1995) Modern Plant Taxonomy. Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi.
- Raychudhuri, S.P 1991. (Ed.) Recent advances in Medicinal aromatic and spice crops Vol.1 Today & Tomorrow's printers and publishers, New Delhi.
- Vashista, P.C. (1990) Taxonomy of Angiosperms S.Chand & Co., New Delhi.
- Singh, V. and Jain, V.K. (1989) Taxonomy of Angiosperms. Rastogi Publication, Meerut.
- Sivarajan, V.V. (1989) Introduction to principles of plant Taxonomy. Oxford and IBH, New Delhi.
- Hutchinson, J. (1973) The families of flowering plants. Oxford University Press, London.
- Heywood, V.H. (1967) Plant Taxonomy. Edward Arnold, Great Britain.
- Gamble, J.S. and Fisher, L.E.F. (1967) The Flora of the presidency of Madras (Vol. I III). Botanical Survey of India, Calcutta.
- Davis, P.H. and Heywood, V.M. (1965) Principles of Angiosperm Taxonomy. Oliver and Boyd Edinburgh.
- Lawrence, G.H.M. (1955) The Taxonomy of vascular plants (Vol. I-IV). Central Book Depot, Allahabad Jeffery, C. An Introduction to Plant Taxonomy. J & A Churchill Ltd., London.

- Rendle, A.B. The Classification of flowering plants (Vol. I-II).
- Ambasht, R. S. and Ambasht, A. K. 2002. A textbook of Plant Ecology. C.B.S. Publishers and Distributors.
- Hill M. K. 1977, Understanding Environmental Pollution. Cambridge University Press. U.K.
- Koromondy, E. J. 1996. Concepts of Ecology. Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
- Kumar, H. D. 2000. Modern Concepts of Ecology. Prentice Hall India, New Delhi.
- Nobel, B. J. and Wright, R. T 1996. Environmental Science, Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
- Odum, E. P. 1971, Fundamentals of Ecology. Saunders. Philadelphia.
- Shukla and Chandel, 2001. Plant Ecology and Soil Science. S. Chand & Co, Ltd., New Delhi.
- Gates, D.M. (1980) Biophysical Ecology Springer Verlag, N.Y.
- Odum, E.P. 1978. Fundamentals of ecology.
- Odum, E.P. 1978. Basic principles of ecology.
- Mani, M.S. (1974) Ecology and Biogeography of India Dr.W.Junk Publishers, The Haque.
- Margalef, R. (1968) Perspectives in Ecological Theory University of Chicago Press, Chicago.
- MacArthur, R.H. & E.O. Wilson (1967) The theory of Island Biogeography Princeton University Press, Princeton, N.J.
- Good, R. (1953) The Geography of flowering Plants (2nd Edn.,) Longmans, Green & Co., Inc., London.
- Cain, S.A. (1944) Foundation of Plant Geography Harper & Brothers, N.Y.
- Lellesand, T. M. and Kiefer, R. W. 2000. Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation, John Wiley and Sons, New York.
- Shukla, R.S. and F.S. Chandel. 1996. Plant ecology and soil science.
- Dash. 1995. Fundamentals of Plant ecology.
- Polunin, N. 1992 Principles of Plant Geography.
- Ambasht, R.S. 1990. A text book of plant ecology.
- Ambasht, R.S. 1990. Environment Pollution.
- Krishnan Kannan. 1990. Fundamentals of Environmental pollution.
- Cain, S.S. 1988. Fundamental of plant geography.
- Agarwal, U.P. 1988. Forests in India.
- Nayar, M.P. and Aastri, a.R.K. 1987. Red data book of Indian plants.
- Chacho, 1985. Sampling techniques.
- Kormandy, E. J. 1984. Concept of Ecology. Prentice New Delhi.
- Jain Mehra. 1983. Conservation of Tropical resources.
- Velentin. 1978. Taxonomy, Phytogeography and Evolution.
- Ronald Good. 1974. The geography of flowering plants, Longmans, Green & Co., Inc., London.

BOTANY – CURRICULUM

B.Sc. General (Semester Pattern) Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

Skeleton Question Paper B. Sc. First Year (w.e.f. 2019-2020)

Theory Paper

Maximum Marks: 40

Note: -	(i)	Attempt all questions
	(iii)	Draw neat and well labeled diagrams wherever necessary

O1 Essay Type Question	15 marks
Q1. Essay Type Question	15 marks
UR	00 1
a) Short Question	08 marks
b) Short Question	07 marks
(Based On Unit I, II)	
Q2. Essay Type Question	15 marks
OR	
a) Short Question	08 marks
b) Short Question	07 marks
(Based On Unit III & IV)	
Q3. Write short notes on any two of the following (Each of 05 Marks)	10 marks
a)	
b)	
c)	
d)	

(Based on all Units)

SWAMI RAMANAND TEERTH MARATHWADA UNIVERSITY, NANDED BOTANY – CURRICULUM

B.Sc. General (CBCS Pattern) Skeleton Question Paper B. Sc. First Year Annual Pattern

PRACTICAL PAPER-V: BASED ON THEORY PAPER-I, II, III & IV

(Compulsory)

Time	Four	hours
I IIIIC.	ruu	IIVUIS

Maximum Marks: 80

Note: -	(i)	Attempt all questions
	(ii)	Show your preparations to the examiner
	(iii)	Draw neat and well labeled diagrams wherever necessary

Q1. Identify, classify and describe the given specimen -A (Two Algae from Mixture / Fungi) on the basis of external and internal characters.

(The specimen **A** may be given alternately to the students) 15 Marks

Q2. Identify, classify and describe the given specimen $-\mathbf{B}$ (Bryophyta / Pteridophyta/ Gymnosperms) on the basis of external and internal characters.

(The specimen **B** may be given alternately to the students) 15 Marks

Q3. Make a temporary preparation of the given specimen C. Identify and describe its internal structure of ecological interest. (Hydrilla stem/ *Nymphaea* petiole/ *Casuarina* stem / *Nerium* leaf. (Specimen C may be given alternately to the students)
15 Marks

Q4. Describe, Identify and classify the given plant specimen \mathbf{D} with floral formula and floral diagram (flowering twig of easily available plant for specimen \mathbf{D} may be given alternately to the students)

15 Marks

Q.5 Spotting (Identify and describe the spots-A, B, C, D and E as per the given instructions)

(A- Algae / Fungi, B- Bryophyta/Pteridophyta/Gymnosperms/Fossil Specimen, C- Ecology, D& E – Taxonomy/ morphology of families of flowering plants.)

	10Marks
Q.6. Visit/ Excursion reports	05 Marks
Q.7. Viva- Voce	05 Marks
